

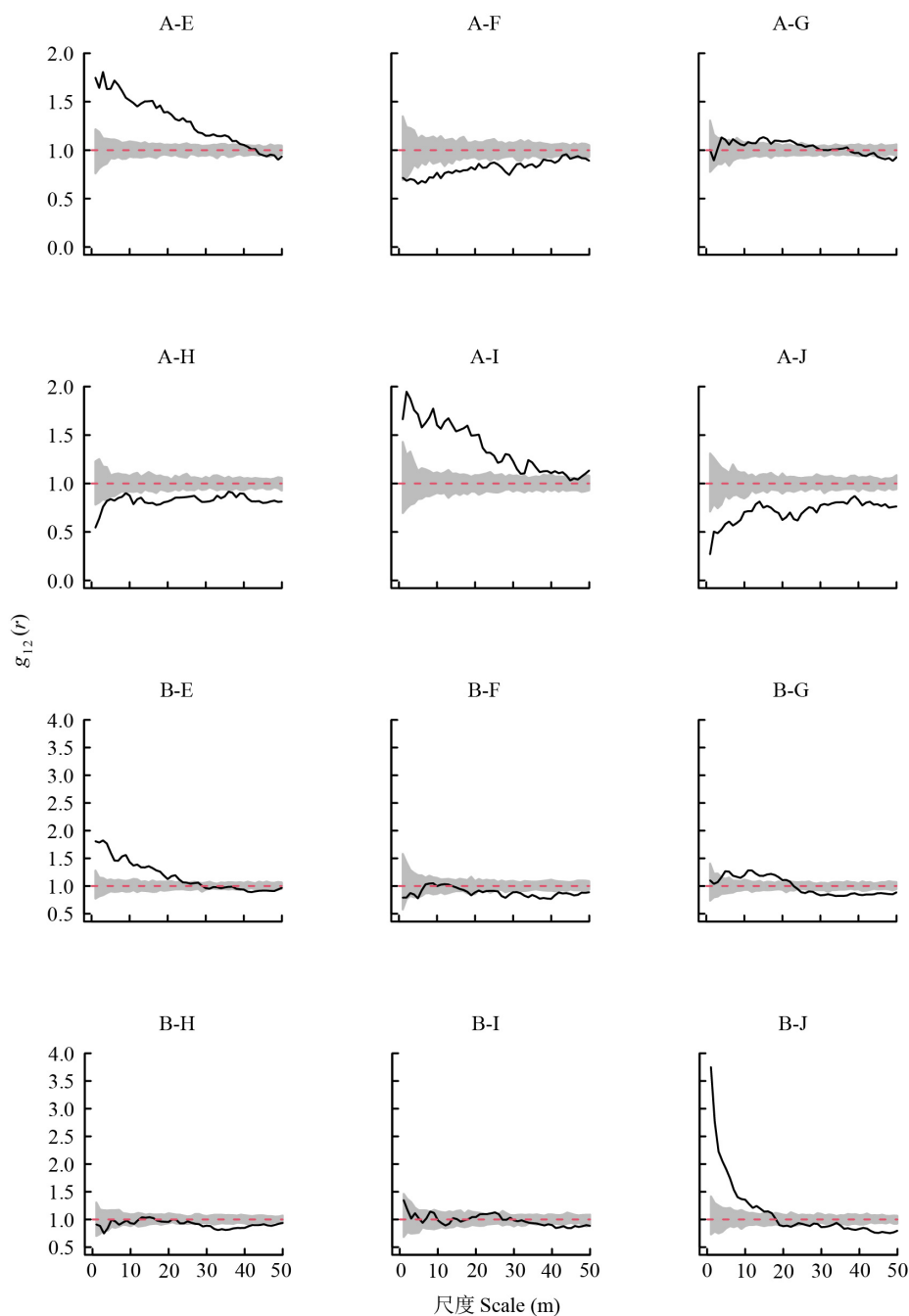
王丽萍, 乌俊杰, 柴勇, 李家华, 杨昌级, 赵士杰 (2024). 高黎贡山中山湿性常绿阔叶林优势种空间分布格局及其关联性. 植物生态学报, 48, 00-00. DOI: 10.17521/cjpe.2023.0209

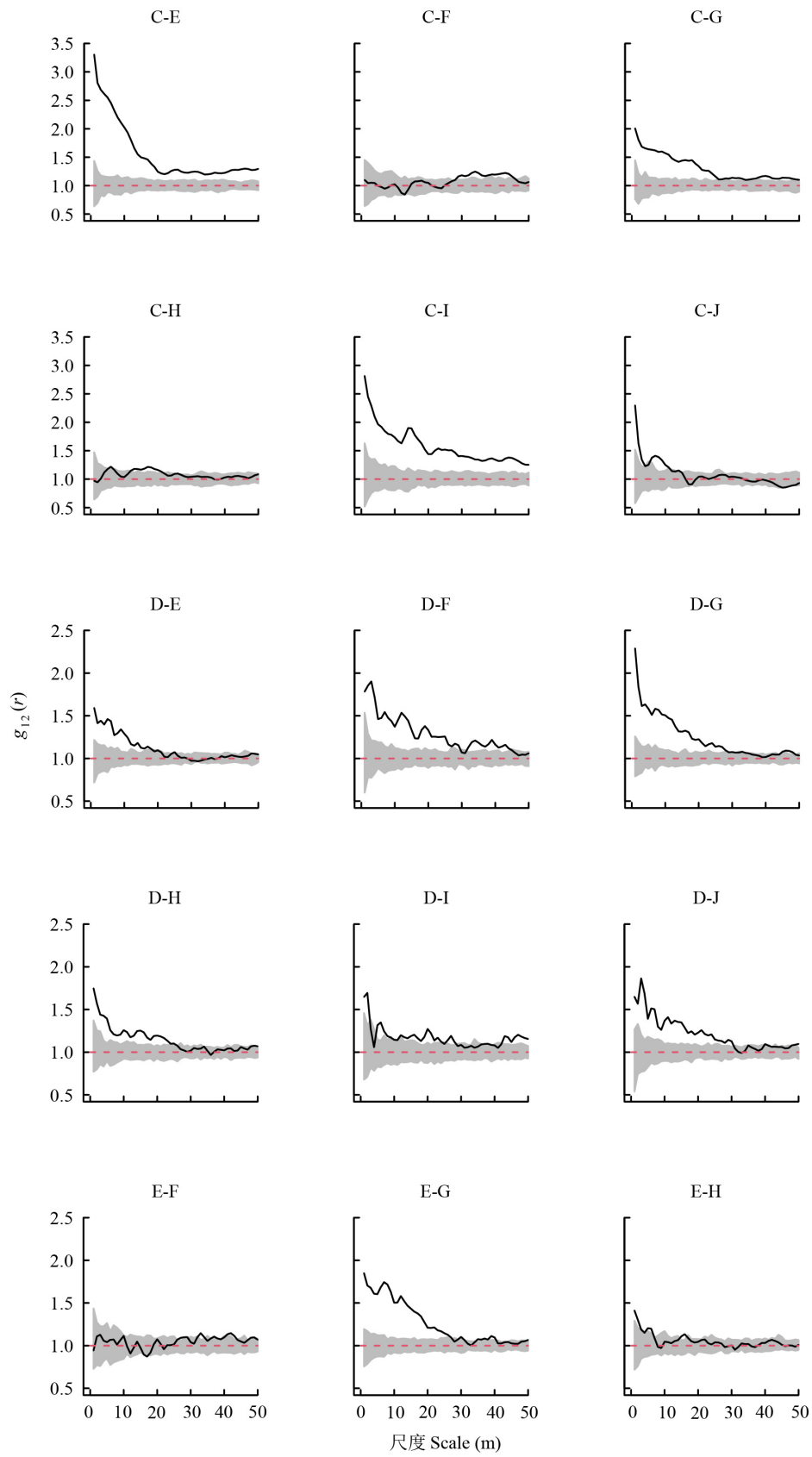
Wang LP, Wu JJ, Chai Y, Li JH, Yang CJ, Zhao SJ (2024). Spatial patterns and associations of dominant species in a subtropical mid-mountain moist evergreen broadleaf forest in Gaoligong Mountains, Southwest China. *Chinese Journal of Plant Ecology*, 48, 00-00. DOI: 10.17521/cjpe.2023.0209

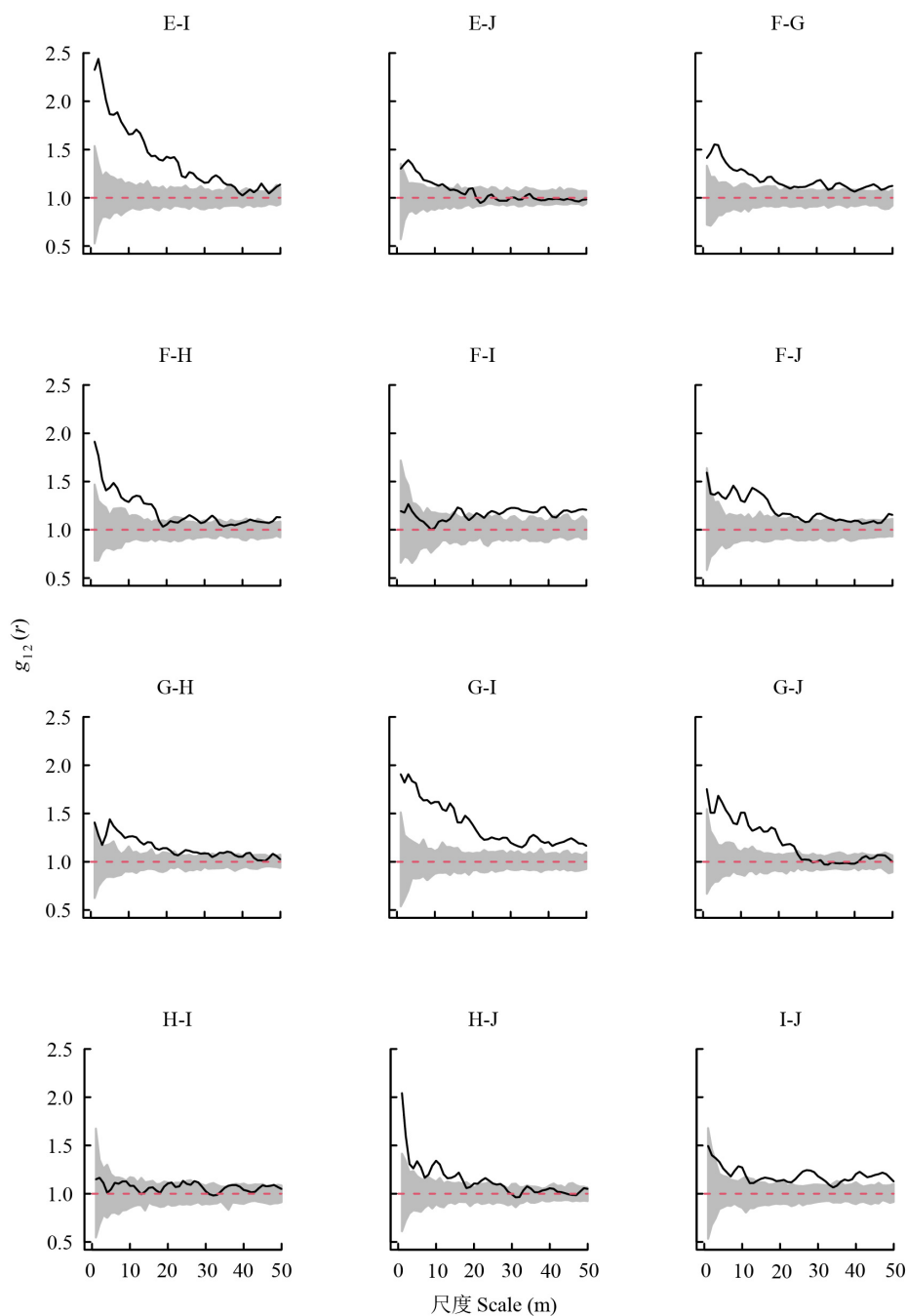
<http://www.plant-ecology.com/CN/10.17521/cjpe.2023.0209>

附录V 高黎贡山样地重要值前10的优势种在完全零模型(CSR)下的种间关联性

Supplement V Spatial association among the top ten dominant species with important values under the null model of complete spatial randomness (CSR) in Gaoligong Mountains







实线表示成对相关函数 $g_{12}(r)$ 的函数值, 虚线表示成对相关函数 $g_{12}(r)$ 的期望值; 灰色阴影部分表示99%的置信区间。A, 多花山矾; B, 肖櫻叶柃; C, 长果大头茶; D, 龙陵新木姜子; E, 硬壳柯; F, 薄片青冈; G, 毛柄槭; H, 尖叶桂櫻; I, 多沟杜英; J, 星毛鸭脚木。

Solid lines are the function value of the bivariate pair-correlation  $g_{12}(r)$  function, dotted lines are the theoretical value of the  $g_{12}(r)$  function; the gray shaded parts are 99% confidence interval. A, *Symplocos ramosissima*; B, *Eurya pseudocerasifera*; C, *Polyspora longicarpa*; D, *Neolitsea lunglingensis*; E, *Lithocarpus hancei*; F, *Quercus lamellosa*; G, *Acer pubipetiolatum*; H, *Prunus undulata*; I, *Elaeocarpus lacunosus*; J, *Heptapleurum minutistellatum*.